Scorecard - Wasaga Distribution Inc.

											Target	
Performance Outcomes	comes Performance Categories Measures				2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Trend	Industry	Distributor
Customer Focus Services are provided in a manner that responds to identified customer preferences.	Service Quality	New Residential/Small Business Services Connected on Time			100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	-	90.00%	
		Scheduled Appointments Met On Time			100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		90.00%	
		Telephone Calls Answered On Time			100.00%	100.00%	99.99%	99.99%	99.98%	O	65.00%	
	Customer Satisfaction	First Contact Resolution			0.0664%	.0658%	.0438%	0.128%	.045%			
		Billing Accuracy			99.88%	99.84%	99.88%	99.92%	99.97%	0	98.00%	
		Customer Satisfaction Survey Results			Satisfied	82.2%	82.2	81.6	81.8			
Continuous improvement in productivity and cost performance is achieved; and distributors deliver on system reliability and quality objectives.	Safety	Level of Public Awareness			84.00%	84.00%	85.60%	85.60%	84.20%			
		Level of Compliance with Ontario Regulation 22/04			С	С	С	С	С			C
		Serious Electrical	Number of	General Public Incidents	0	0	0	0	0			0
		Incident Index	Rate per 10), 100, 1000 km of line	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			0.000
	System Reliability	Average Number of Hours that Power to a Customer is Interrupted ²			0.17	1.11	0.45	0.78	1.39	0		0.57
		Average Number of Times that Power to a Customer is Interrupted ²			0.13	1.35	0.46	0.62	0.61	0		0.56
	Asset Management	Distribution System Plan Implementation Progress			Completed	Completed	Completed	Completed	Completed			
	Cost Control	Efficiency Assessment			1	1	1	1	1			
		Total Cost per Customer ³			\$420	\$430	\$425	\$435	\$468			
		Total Cost per Km of Line 3			\$19,405	\$19,855	\$20,770	\$21,430	\$22,913			
Public Policy Responsiveness Distributors deliver on obligations mandated by government (e.g., in legislation and in regulatory requirements imposed further to Ministerial directives to the Board).	Conservation & Demand Management	Net Cumulative Energy Savings ⁴			37.74%	56.59%	92.02%	103.00%	106.00%)		6.32 GWh
	Connection of Renewable Generation	Renewable Generation Connection Impact Assessments Completed On Time			100.00%							
	Concration	New Micro-embedded Generation Facilities Connected On Time			100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		90.00%	
Financial Performance	Financial Ratios	Liquidity: Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)			2.13	2.05	2.15	2.89	1.53			
Financial viability is maintained; and savings from operational effectiveness are sustainable.		Leverage: Total Debt (includes short-term and long-term debt) to Equity Ratio			0.33	0.31	0.31	0.30	0.29			
		Profitability: Regulatory Return on Equity		Deemed (included in rates)	9.12%	9.19%	9.19%	9.19%	9.19%			
				Achieved	5.38%	8.43%	8.88%	9.38%	7.14%			

^{1.} Compliance with Ontario Regulation 22/04 assessed: Compliant (C); Needs Improvement (NI); or Non-Compliant (NC).



^{2.} The trend's arrow direction is based on the comparison of the current 5-year rolling average to the distributor-specific target on the right. An upward arrow indicates decreasing reliability while downward indicates improving reliability.

^{3.} A benchmarking analysis determines the total cost figures from the distributor's reported information.

^{4.} The CDM measure is based on the now discontinued 2015-2020 Conservation First Framework. 2019 results include savings reported to the IESO up until the end of February 2020.

2019 Scorecard Management Discussion and Analysis ("2019 Scorecard MD&A") Wasaga Distribution Inc. ("WDI")

The link below provides a document titled "Scorecard - Performance Measure Descriptions" that has the technical definition, plain language description and how the measure may be compared for each of the Scorecard's measures in the 2019 Scorecard MD&A: http://www.ontarioenergyboard.ca/OEB/ Documents/scorecard/Scorecard Performance Measure Descriptions.pdf

Scorecard MD&A - General Overview

In 2019, Wasaga Distribution Inc. (WDI) met all performance targets except for System Reliability. Aging infrastructure continues to be a challenge facing utilities today. WDI must replace aging infrastructure at a pace that meets the challenge. In addition, vegetation control, including tree trimming activities, also continue to be a primary focus for WDI due to the highly treed community. This reduces the vulnerability of the distribution system to external uncontrollable events, such as weather.

Further to the above, WDI continues to focus on you, the customer. WDI makes every effort to engage its customers on a regular basis to ensure we are aware of your needs and that you are receiving the best value for your money. In 2019, WDI undertook the development of a Strategic Plan that included input from all stakeholders including outreach engagement of all our customers. WDI remains committed to provide its customers with the most reliable service at the least possible cost. WDI thanks their customers for their strong commitment to the utility in 2019 and extending into 2020.

In 2020, WDI will continue its efforts to improve overall scorecard performance results compared to prior years. This performance improvement is expected as a result of continued investment in both our infrastructure and in response to your needs.

Service Quality

New Residential/Small Business Services Connected on Time

In 2019, WDI connected 262 low voltage (connections under 750 volts) residential and small business customers within the five-day timeline as prescribed by the Ontario Energy Board. This represents an increase of 8.7% in the number of connections over 2018, which is driven primarily by an increase in new growth in the Town of Wasaga Beach. WDI considers "New Services Connected on Time" as an important form of customer engagement as it is the utilities first opportunity to meet and/or exceed new customer's expectations, which in turn affects the level of customer satisfaction within a utilities territory. Consistent with 2018, WDI connected 100% of these customers on time, which significantly exceeds the Ontario Energy Board's mandated target of 90% for this measure. WDI expects this trend to continue into the foreseeable future.

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Scheduled Appointments Met on Time

WDI scheduled 28 appointments in 2019 to connect services, disconnect services, or otherwise complete work requested by the customers. This represents an increase of 600% over 2018.

WDI considers "Scheduled Appointments Met" as an important form of customer engagement as customer preference is required for all types of appointments. WDI met 100% of these appointments on time in 2019, which significantly exceeds the Ontario Energy Board's mandated target of 90% for this measure. WDI expects this trend to continue into the foreseeable future.

• Telephone Calls Answered on Time

In 2019, WDI received 17,612 calls from its customers. This represents an increase of 13.3% in the number of calls over 2018. The increase in call volume is mainly attributable to the COVID-19 rate relief, the OESP Program and an increase in customer move-ins and move-outs. WDI considers "Telephone Calls" to be an important communication tool for identifying and responding to customers' needs and preferences. Consistent with prior years Customer Service Representatives answered 99.98% of these calls in 30 seconds or less, which significantly exceeds the Ontario Energy Board mandated target of 65% for this measure. WDI expects to see this trend continue into the foreseeable future.

Customer Satisfaction

First Contact Resolution

First Contact Resolution is a scorecard measure that was first introduced for tracking by utilities in 2014. The Ontario Energy Board has not yet issued a common definition for this measure but is expected to do so within the next few years. As a result, this measure may differ from other utilities in the Province.

WDI defines First Contact Resolution as the number of customer enquiries that are not resolved by the first contact at the utility, resulting in the enquiry being escalated to an alternate contact at the utility, typically a senior staff member. This includes all customer enquiries that are made to a Customer Service Representative whether by phone, letter, e-mail or in person. WDI considers the ability to address customer enquiries quickly and accurately to be an essential component of customer satisfaction. For 2019 WDI received 17,612 enquiries from customers and 99.95% were successfully resolved during first contact. In other words, 8 customer calls went to a senior staff member. WDI expects this trend to continue into the future.

Billing Accuracy

Billing Accuracy is a scorecard measure that was first introduced for tracking by utilities in 2014. Billing accuracy is defined as the number of accurate bills issued expressed as a percentage of total bills issued. WDI considers timely and accurate billing to be an essential component of customer satisfaction. For 2019, WDI issued more than 158,000 customer bills and achieved a billing accuracy of 99.97% which is within the Ontario Energy Board mandated target of 98%.

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Customer Satisfaction Survey Results

As with First Contact Resolution and Billing Accuracy this Customer Satisfaction Survey Results were first tracked in 2014. The Ontario Energy Board has not yet issued a common definition for this measure, but it is expected to do so within the next few years. As a result, this measure may differ from other utilities in the Province.

In 2018, WDI recruited RedHead Media to complete the Customer Satisfaction Survey in accordance with the Survey Implementation requirements of the Electricity Distributors Association (EDA) and the Innovative Customer Satisfaction Scorecard. 403 customers were surveyed and WDI received a score of 81.6%, which was above the average of all LDC's that participated in the survey with RedHead Media (79.4%). WDI will complete another survey in 2020.

When customers were asked for open ended comments the large majority of comments were to lower the overall cost of electricity for seniors and cottagers. Other comments were to provide e-billing (which we do), offer credit card payments (which we do) and keep on doing a great job!

Safety

Public Safety

Public Safety was another new scorecard measure in 2014. The Public Safety measure is generated by the Electrical Safety Authority and is comprised of three components: Public Awareness of Electrical Safety, Compliance with Ontario Regulation 22/04, and the Serious Electrical Incident Index. A breakdown of the three components is as follows:

Component A – Public Awareness of Electrical Safety

The component gauges the public's awareness of key electrical safety concepts related to electrical distribution equipment found in a utility's territory. The survey also provides a benchmark of the levels of awareness including identifying gaps where additional education and awareness efforts may be required.

In 2019, WDI along with the other CHEC utilities retained Redhead to perform a standardized survey utilized by all utilities in the Province. WDI received a survey result of 84.2% which was slightly above the CHEC survey average. Our areas of weakness that WDI can concentrate education on in future years includes customers requesting locates, overhead powerline safe distances and downed powerline safe distances. However, overall, WDI customers are very knowledgeable about Electrical Safety.

Component B – Compliance with Ontario Regulation 22/04

Component B consists of a utility's compliance with Ontario Regulation 22/04 – Electrical Distribution Safety. Ontario Regulation 22/04 establishes the safety requirements for the design, construction and maintenance of electrical distribution systems, particularly in relation to the approvals and inspections required prior to putting electrical equipment into service. Over the past five years, WDI was found to be compliant with Ontario Regulation 22/04 (Electrical Distribution Safety). This was achieved by WDI's strong commitment to safety and the adherence to company policy and procedures.

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Component C – Serious Electrical Incident Index

Component C consists of the number of serious electrical incidents, including fatalities, which occur in a utility's territory. In 2019, WDI had no fatalities or serious incidents within its' territory. This was achieved by WDI's strong commitment to safety and the adherence to company policy and procedures.

System Reliability

Average Number of Hours that Power to a Customer is Interrupted

The average number of hours that the power to a customer is interrupted is a measure of system reliability or the ability of a system to perform its required function. WDI views reliability of electrical service as a high priority for its customers and constantly monitors its system for signs of reliability degradation. WDI also regularly maintains its distribution system to ensure its level of reliability is kept as high as possible. The Ontario Energy Board typically requires a utility to keep its hours of interruption within the range of its historical performance, however, outside factors such as severe weather, defective equipment, or even regularly scheduled maintenance can greatly impact this measure.

For 2019, WDI achieved 1.39 hours of interrupted power. This is a decline in performance over 2018 (0.78) and is above WDI's target of 0.57 hours. WDI experienced four significant events in 2019 that were not preventable by WDI. The first event was due to high winds and heavy snow which caused multiple outages throughout Wasaga Beach. The second event was a tree branch contact with the 44kV, 8,000 customers were affected for approximately 90 minutes. The third event was a Motor Vehicle Accident which affected 1,250 customers for 2.5 hours (150 minutes). The fourth event was a result of high winds causing trees to hit WDI lines resulting in several feeders and streets being without power. None of these events could have been prevented by WDI. WDI does have a very good vegetative management system these events were unforeseen.

Average Number of Times that Power to a Customer is Interrupted

The average number of times that power to a customer is interrupted is also a measure of system reliability and is also a high priority for WDI. As outlined above, the Ontario Energy Board typically requires a utility to keep this measure within a certain range of its historical performance and outside factors can also greatly impact this measure. WDI experience interrupted power 0.61 times during 2019 which is above WDI's target of 0.56 events per customer for interrupted power.

In 2019, WDI started a capital management program of changing out poles. These were scheduled outages, however; along with other weather events commented on above in "Average Number of Hours that Power to a Customer is Interrupted" contributed to WDI being above the OEB prescribed target.

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Asset Management

• Distribution System Plan Implementation Progress

Distribution system plan implementation progress is a performance measure instituted by the Ontario Energy Board in 2013. The Distribution System Plan outlines WDI's forecasted capital expenditures, over the next five years, which are required to maintain and expand the utilities electrical system to serve its current and future customers. The Distribution System Plan Implementation Progress measure is intended to assess WDI's effectiveness at planning and implementing these capital expenditures. Consistent with other new measures, utilities were given an opportunity to define this measure in the manner that best fits their organization. As a result, this measure may differ from other utilities in the Province.

WDI defines this measure as the tracking of actual capital projects to planned capital projects, expressed as a percentage. In 2015, WDI successfully completed the Distribution System Plan as part of its' 2016 Rate Application. In 2019, Wasaga Distribution maintained its Distribution System Plan and successfully implemented \$2.48 M worth of Capital Additions which was offset by Developer Capital of \$1.05M. WDI continues to experience increased development in Wasaga Beach. In 2020 WDI will continue to see more development growth in The Town of Wasaga Beach with a new casino and a large subdivision being developed which may require the development of a new Substation.

Distribution related work to development growth (new subdivisions) and Town relocation work (widening of roadways) has distracted the utility from completing its normal asset replacement programs. Additional resources will be added in the coming years to bring the replacement programs for aged and falling infrastructure back in line with where WDI believes it should be.

Cost Control

• Efficiency Assessment

On an annual basis, each utility in Ontario is assigned an efficiency ranking based on its performance. To determine a ranking, electrical distributors are divided into five groups based on the magnitude of the difference between their actual costs and predicted costs. For 2019, WDI place in Cohort I, in terms of efficiency. Cohort I is considered excellent and is defined as having actual costs less than 25% of predicted costs. Overall, our ranking was the same as last year and we are the fourth most efficient utility in the province. WDI goal is to remain in Cohort I.

Total Cost per Customer

Total cost per customer is calculated as the sum of WDI's capital and operating costs and dividing this cost figure by the total number of customers that WDI serves. Similar to most distributors in the province, WDI has experienced increases in its total costs required to deliver quality and reliable services to its customers. Province wide programs such as Time of Use pricing, growth in wage and benefit costs for our employees and the renewal and growth of the distribution system, have all contributed to increases in operating and capital costs.

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The total cost performance result for 2019 is \$468/customer which is an increase of 7.5% over its 2018 result. On average, WDI's total cost per customer has increased by \$9.60 per annum for the period 2015 – 2019.

Going forward, utility costs are expected to keep pace with economic fluctuations; however, WDI will continue to implement productivity and efficiency improvements to help offset some of the costs associated with distribution system enhancements and replacement programs, while maintaining the reliability and quality of its distribution system.

Total Cost per Km of Line

This measure uses the same total cost that is used in the Cost per Customer calculation above. Based on this, WDI's rate is \$22,913 per km of line which is a 6.9% increase over its 2018 rate. WDI's growth rate for its territory is considered to be relatively high. A higher growth rate has assisted WDI's ability to fund future capital projects and operating costs. As a result, the cost per km of line is expected to slowly increase as capital and operating costs also increase. As we progress into the future, WDI will continue to seek innovative solutions to help ensure cost/km of line remains competitive and within acceptable limits to our customers.

Conservation & Demand Management

Net Cumulative Energy Savings

Starting in 2015, WDI implemented a new CDM framework and received new targets to be achieved during the 2015 – 2020 period. WDI achieved 106% of its' 6.32 GWh required savings in 2019. WDI is very proud of its 106% target reached in 2019, WDI is a largely Residential Customer base and it is much more difficult to reach a target due to this, however; WDI is proud of its' customers for embracing the Conservation Programs.

Connection of Renewable Generation

Renewable Generation Connection Impact Assessments Completed on Time

Electricity distributors are required to conduct Connection Impact Assessments (CIA's) on all renewable generation connections within 60 days of receiving the completed application. WDI has developed and implemented an internal procedure to ensure compliance with this regulation. In 2019, WDI did not have any Connection Impact Assessments requested, therefore; no CIA's were done in 2019. WDI did have four new net-metered customers in 2019.

• New Micro-embedded Generation Facilities Connected on Time

Micro-embedded generation facilities consist of solar, wind or other clean energy projects of less than 10 kW that are typically installed by homeowners, farms or small businesses. In 2019, WDI connected 4 new net-metered generation facilities within its territory. 100% of these projects were connected within the prescribed timeframe of five business days, which significantly exceeds the Ontario Energy Board mandated target of 90% for this measure. WDI works closely with its customers and their contractors to ensure that the customer's needs are met and/or exceeded. WDI expects the trend for this measure to continue to exceed the mandated target for the foreseeable future.

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Financial Ratios

Liquidity: Current Ratio (Current Assets/Current Liabilities)

As an indicator of financial health, a current ratio indicates a company's ability to pay its short-term debts and financial obligations. Typically, a current ratio between 1 and 1.5 is considered good. If the current ratio is below 1, then a company may have problems meeting its current financial obligations. It the current ratio is too high (higher than 1.5) then the company may be inefficient at using its current assets or its short-term financing facilities.

WDI's current ratio decreased from 2.89 in 2018 to 1.53 in 2019. This ratio still indicates that WDI is a financially healthy organization in the use of its current assets. WDI hopes to decrease the liquidity ratio in the near future by borrowing for capital projects.

• Leverage: Total Debt (includes short-term and long-term debt) to Equity Ratio

The debt to equity ratio is a financial ratio indicating the relative proportion of shareholder's equity and debt used to finance a company's assets. The Ontario Energy Board uses a capital structure of 60% debt and 40% equity (a debt to equity ratio of 60/40 or 1.5) when setting rates for an electricity utility. A high debt to equity ratio may indicate than an electricity distributor may have difficulty generating sufficient cash flows to make its debt payments, while a low debt-to-equity ratio may indicate that an electricity distributor is not taking advantage of the increased profits that may be had through increased financial debt.

In 2019, WDI's debt-to-equity ratio was 0.29 (much the same as 2018), which is much lower than the ratio used for rate setting purposes by the Ontario Energy Board. WDI expects that its debt-to-equity ratio will change over the next several years as Wasaga Distribution needs to start financing for capital assets in order to maintain current cash flows.

• Profitability: Regulatory Return on Equity – Deemed (included in rates)

Return on equity (ROE) measures the rate of return on shareholder equity. ROE demonstrates an organization's profitability or how well a company uses its investments to generate earnings growth. WDI's current distribution rates were approved by the OEB and include an expected (deemed) regulatory return of 9.19%. The OEB allows a distributor to earn within +/- 3% of the expected return on equity. If a utility performs outside this range, it may trigger a regulatory review of the distributor's financial structure by the OEB.

Profitability: Regulatory Return on Equity – Achieved

WDI achieved a ROE of 7.14% in 2019, which is within the +/- 3% range allowed by the OEB (see above paragraph). WDI has recovered from its' 2015 deficiency of 5.38% through its' 2016 Rate Application. WDI had achieved this recovery from 2016 to 2019.

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Note to Readers of 2019 Scorecard MD&A

The information provided by distributors on their future performance (or what can be construed as forward-looking information) may be subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual events, conditions or results to differ materially from historical results or those contemplated by the distributor regarding their future performance. Some of the factors that could cause such differences include legislative or regulatory developments, financial market conditions, general economic conditions and the weather. For these reasons, the information on future performance is intended to be management's best judgement on the reporting date of the performance scorecard and could be markedly different in the future.

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